**Ch. 12: Reconstruction**

**Review Activity**

**Sec 1 Sec 2 Sec 3 Sec 4**

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| -Lincoln’s Plan for Reconstruction-Lincoln’s Assassination-Johnson’s Plan for Reconstruction-Freedman’s Bureau-black codes | -14th Amendment-Radical Republicans-Johnson Impeached-Ulysses S Grant-15th Amendment-carpetbaggers-scalawags | -sharecropping-tenant farming-infrastructure | -KKK-Enforcement Act of 1870-solid south-Compromise of 1877 |

**Ch 12: Reconstruction**

 **Sec 1: Presidential Reconstruction**

* What condition was the South in following the Civil War?
* Who were the Radical Republicans? What did they want to do?
* What is meant by “Reconstruction”?
* How does Lincoln’s plan for Reconstruction compare to Johnson’s?
* How were freed slaves incorporated back into society?

**Sec 2: Congressional Reconstruction**

* Describe the relationship between Radical Republicans and Southern Democrats during Reconstruction
* How were black codes and the 14th Amendment related?
* What was the purpose of black codes? Examples…
* How was the South affected by the Reconstruction Act of 1867?
* Why was Johnson impeached?
* Why was Grant Elected?
* What was the significance of the 15th Amendment?
* What were carpetbaggers and scalawags? How were they viewed in the South?

**Sec 3: Birth of the “New South”**

* How did farming in the South change after the Civil War?
* How did urbanization and industrialization begin to change the South’s economy after the war?
* How were federal funds for Reconstruction projects used? Did they help or hurt?

**Sec 4: The End of Reconstruction**

* Why did Reconstruction end?
* Why did the KKK organize? Who were members? What tactics did they use?
* What was the Enforcement Act of 1870? Was it effective? How?
* What role did the Presidential election of 1877 have in ending the Era of Reconstruction?
* What were some key successes and failures of Reconstruction? (pg 445)